
Advanced Nonparametric Inference

M. Stat. 2nd Year 2024–25 Indian Statistical Institute

Semester Examination

28 April 2025

Total Marks: 50

Time: 3 hours

Instructions

- This is an open notes exam. You can bring your handwritten notes.
 - Answer as much as you can. The maximum you can score is 50.
 - Calculator or any other electronic device is not allowed during the exam.
 - You can use any result obtained in the class. Clearly state the results that you use.
 - Clearly state all the assumptions that you make. Failure to do so will lead to deduction of marks.
 - Keep your answers to the point. Any unnecessary or irrelevant writing will be penalized.
-

Question 1.

Total marks: 28

Let $X_1, \dots, X_n$ be i.i.d. observations from the $\text{Uniform}(0, 1)$ distribution. Consider the problem of density estimation based on the observations $X_1, \dots, X_n$. Let $\hat{f}_{\text{hist}}$ be the histogram density estimator with bins $B_k = \left(\left(k - \frac{1}{2}\right)h, \left(k + \frac{1}{2}\right)h \right]$, $k = 0, 1, 2, \dots$. Assume that the bin-width h is of the form $h = 1/m$ for some $m \in \mathbb{N}$.

- (a) Find the pointwise bias and variance of $\hat{f}_{\text{hist}}$. [2+2]
- (b) Compute the mean integrated squared error (MISE) of $\hat{f}_{\text{hist}}$. Obtain the optimal bin-width h by minimizing the MISE. Find the value of the optimal MISE. [2+2+2]

Now, consider the kernel density estimator $\hat{f}_{\text{kde}}$ with bandwidth $h = 1/m$ and the triangular kernel $K(t) = (1 - |t|)\mathbf{1}_{\{-1 \leq t \leq 1\}}$.

- (c) Find the pointwise bias and variance of $\hat{f}_{\text{kde}}$. [3+5]
- (d) Compute the MISE of $\hat{f}_{\text{kde}}$. Obtain the optimal bandwidth h by minimizing the MISE. Find the value of the optimal MISE. [4+2+2]
- (e) Which of these two density estimators do you find more appropriate for this problem? Justify your answer. [2]

Question 2.

Total marks: 30

Let $X_1, \dots, X_n$ be i.i.d. $\text{Bernoulli}(p)$ random variables. Suppose that our parameter of interest is $\theta = p^2$. Consider the statistic $T_n = \bar{X}_n^2$ as an estimator for θ .

- (a) Derive $\mathbb{E}(T_n)$ and $\text{Var}(T_n)$. [1+3]

- (b) Find the jackknife bias estimator b_{jack} and the bias-corrected jackknife estimator T_{jack} for the problem. Is jackknife able to reduce bias in this example? Justify. [2+2+1]
- (c) Calculate the mean squared errors (MSEs) of the two estimators T_n and T_{jack} . Which one has lesser MSE? [4+1]
- (d) Find the jackknife variance estimator v_{jack} . Is it a consistent estimator of $\text{Var}(T_n)$? Justify. [3+4]
- (e) Find the naive bootstrap variance estimator v_{boot} . Is it consistent for $\text{Var}(T_n)$? Justify. [3+4]
- (f) Among v_{jack} and v_{boot} , which one would you prefer and why? [2]